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Eastspring Investments Fund Management Limited Liability Company

Financial Safety Ratio Report as of 31 December 2018





Eastspring Investments Fund Management Limited Liability Company Corporate Information

Business	Registration
Licence 1	No.

4104000113
1st amendment

Fund Management
Establishment and
Operation Licence No.

03/UBCK-GPHDQLQ	26 May 2005
17/UBCK-GP	23 July 2008
27/UBCK-GPDC	20 November 2008
67/UBCK-GPDC	15 April 2010
25/GPDC-UBCK	9 December 2011
51/GP-UBCK	23 March 2012
08/GPDC-UBCK	26 March 2013
29/GPDC-UBCK	12 September 2013
63/GPDC-UBCK	10 August 2018

Business Licence No.

23 March 2012

The Business Registration Licence and Fund Management Establishment and Operation Licence were issued by the Ho Chi Minh City Department of Planning and Investment and the State Securities Commission, respectively. On 23 March 2012, the State Securities Commission issued the Business Licence No. 51/GP-UBCK which allows the Company to provide portfolio management services. On 26 March 2013, the State Securities Commission issued Amendment Licence No. 08/GPDC-UBCK to supplement securities advisory services to the existing Company's licences.

The Company's operating period, as defined in the charter, is to be consistent with the period of the parent company, Prudential Assurance Vietnam Private Limited. The parent company's investment licence is valid until 29 October 2049.

Members' Council

Xavier Bernard Maurice Meyer	Chairman
Ngo The Trieu	Member
	(from 15 June 2018)
Clive Darren Baker	Member
	(from 15 June 2018)
Nguyen Tuan Thên An	Member
- 8-7	(until 15 June 2018)
Stephen James Clark	Member

(until 15 June 2018)

Eastspring Investments Fund Management Limited Liability Company Corporate Information (continued)

Board of Directors

Ngo The Trieu

Chief Executive Officer

Nguyen Tuan Thên An

(from 15 June 2018) Chief Executive Officer (until 15 June 2018)

Registered Office

Saigon Trade Center

37 Ton Duc Thang Street, District 1

Ho Chi Minh City

Vietnam

Auditor

KPMG Limited

Vietnam

Limited Liability Company

Eastspring Investments Fund Management THE SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM Independence - Freedom - Happiness

Re: Financial Safety Ratio Report

To: The State Securities Commission FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT

As of 31 December 2018

We undertake the following:

- (1) This report has been prepared based on up-to-date data at the reporting date in accordance with the requirements of Circular No. 87/2017/TT-BTC dated 15 August 2017 issued by the Ministry of Finance regulating financial safety ratios and measures for non-compliance applicable to securities business organisations;
- (2) The issues having impact on the Company's financial status that may arise after the reporting date will be updated in the next reporting period;
- (3) We fully accept legal responsibilities for the accuracy and fairness of the contents of this report.

21 March 2019

Prepared by:

Ms. Le Minh Thuy Chief Accountant

Mr. Tong Cong Cuong Head of Internal Control Department

Mr. Ngo The Trieu Chief Executive Officer

Approved by:

CÔNG TY RÁCH NHIỆM HƯU HAN QUAN LY QU



KPMG Limited Branch 10th Floor, Sun Wah Tower 115 Nguyen Hue Street, Ben Nghe Ward District 1, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam +84 (28) 3821 9266 | kpmg.com.vn

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Investor

Eastspring Investments Fund Management Limited Liability

Company

We have audited the accompanying Financial Safety Ratio Report of Eastspring Investments Fund Management Limited Liability Company ("the Company") as at 31 December 2018 including the explanatory notes thereto which were authorised for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 21 March 2019 ("the Financial Safety Ratio Report"), as set out on pages 6 to 28.

Management's Responsibility

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Financial Safety Ratio Report in accordance with the requirements of Circular No. 87/2017/TT-BTC dated 15 August 2017 issued by the Ministry of Finance regulating financial safety ratios and measures for non-compliance applicable to securities business organisations, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the Financial Safety Ratio Report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Financial Safety Ratio Report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Safety Ratio Report is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Safety Ratio Report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Safety Ratio Report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Financial Safety Ratio Report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Company's Board of Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Financial Safety Ratio Report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, the Financial Safety Ratio Report of Eastspring Investments Fund Management Limited Liability as at 31 December 2018 has been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements of Circular No. 87/2017/TT-BTC dated 15 August 2017 issued by the Ministry of Finance regulating financial safety ratios and measures for non-compliance applicable to securities business organisations.

Basis of Preparation and Restriction on Use

We draw attention to Note 2(a) to the Financial Safety Ratio Report, which describes the basis of preparation. The Financial Safety Ratio Report has been prepared to enable the Company to comply with the requirements of Circular No. 87/2017/TT-BTC dated 15 August 2017 issued by the Ministry of Finance regulating financial safety ratios and measures for non-compliance applicable to securities business organisations. As a result, the Financial Safety Ratio Report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our audit report is intended solely for the Company's submission to the State Securities Commission disclosure of information as required by Circular 87 and should not be used for any other purposes.

KPMG Limited's Branch in Ho Chi Minh City

Vietnam

112042-Audit Report No.: 18-01-00268-19-2

Mural

CHI NHÁNH CÔNG TY TNHH

KPMG

Chang Hung Chun

РНО НО Cracticing Auditor Registration Certificate No. 0863-2018-007-1

Deputy General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, 21 March 2019

Nguyen Ho Khanh Tan

Practicing Auditor Registration Certificate No. 3458-2015-007-1

Charhtra

Eastspring Investments Fund Management Limited Liability Company Financial Safety Ratio Report as of 31 December 2018

No.	Items	Note	31/12/2018
I	Total market risk value (VND'000)	4	-
II	Total settlement risk value (VND'000)	5	11,092,851
III	Total operational risk value (VND'000)	6	18,047,993
IV	Total risk values (IV=I+II+III) (VND'000)		29,140,844
V	Liquid capital (VND'000)	7	109,311,830
VI	Liquid capital ratio (VI=V/IV) (%)		375%

21 March 2019

Prepared by:

Approved by:

CÔNG TY

TRÁCH NHIỆM HỮU HẠN

QUẨN LÝ QUÝ

TP. HÔ

Ms. Le Minh Thuy Chief Accountant

Mr. Tong Cong Cuong Head of Internal Control Department Mr. Ngo The Trieu Chief Executive Officer

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Eastspring Investments Fund Management Limited Liability Company Notes to Financial Safety Ratio Report as of 31 December 2018

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Financial Safety Ratio Report.

1. Reporting entity

(a) Ownership structure

Eastspring Investment Fund Management Limited Liability Company ("the Company") is a limited liability company licensed and incorporated in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam.

(b) Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company are to establish and manage securities investment funds, to provide portfolio management services and to provide financial consultancy and securities investment consultancy under Fund Management Establishment and Operation Licence and their amendments.

The chartered capital of the Company as stipulated in the Fund Management Licence is VND25 billion.

As at 31 December 2018, the Company had 20 employees (31/12/2017: 22 employees) of which one (1) is management personnel. During the year, there were three (3) employees resigning and no disciplinary action was taken against any of the employees. As at 31 December 2018, the Company had 10 employees (31/12/2017: 11 employees) who were qualified for fund and assets management.

2. Basis of preparation

(a) Statement of compliance

The Financial Safety Ratio Report has been prepared to enable the Company to comply with the requirements of Circular No. 87/2017/TT-BTC dated 15 August 2017 issued by the Ministry of Finance ("Circular 87") regulating financial safety ratios and measures for non-compliance applicable to securities business organisations. Accordingly, the Financial Safety Ratio Report and its utilisation are not designed for those who are not informed about the principles and requirements of Circular 87 on preparation and presentation of the Financial Safety Ratio Report applicable to securities business organisations in Vietnam. As a result, the Financial Safety Ratio Report may not be suitable for another purpose.

(b) Underlying financial data

The Financial Safety Ratio Report was prepared based on the Company's financial data as of and for the year ended 31 December 2018. This Financial Safety Ratio Report should be read in conjunction with the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

(c) Accounting and presentation currency

The Company's accounting currency is Vietnam Dong ("VND"), which is also the currency used for Financial Safety Ratio Report presentation purpose rounded to the nearest thousand ("VND'000").

3. Summary of significant policies adopted in the preparation of the Financial Safety Ratio Report

The following significant policies have been adopted by the Company in the preparation of this Financial Safety Ratio Report.

(a) Liquid capital ratio

The Company's liquid capital ratio is calculated in accordance with the requirements of Circular 87 as follows:

$$\textit{Liquid capital ratio } = \frac{\textit{Liquid capital}}{\textit{Total risk value}} * 100\%$$

in which, total risk value is the aggregate of market risk value (Note 3(c)), settlement risk value (Note 3(d)) and operational risk value (Note 3(e)).

(b) Liquid capital

Liquid capital is the capital which can be converted into cash within 90 days. Liquid capital comprise those following items:

- Investment capital of the owner, excluding redeemable share capital (if any);
- Share premium does not include redeemable share capital (if any);
- Reserve fund to supplement charter capital;
- Development investment fund (if any);
- Financial risk and operational risk funds;
- Other funds belonging to owners' equity;
- Retained earnings after tax;
- Provision for impairment of assets;
- Fifty percent (50%) of the incremental value of the fixed asset is revalued in accordance with the law (in case of increased valuation), or deducted from the total value of the reduced value (in in case of price decrease);
- Exchange rate difference; and
- Other capital.

Additions to the Company's liquid capital include the following items:

All increases in the values of investments, financial assets at book value excluding the securities issued by a related organisation of the Company and the securities with the remaining restricted trading period exceeding 90 days at the reporting date;

Convertible bonds and preference shares issued by the Company with the original terms to maturity of at least five (5) years are not secured with the assets of the Company, can only be bought back ahead of time at the request of the owner or repurchase on the secondary market after the notice to the State Securities Commission. It is transferred of accrued interest to the following year if the interest payment results in the company's business results in the loss and added to the available capital with the State Securities; and

Other debt instruments issued by the Company with the original terms to maturity of more than ten (10) years and not secured by assets of the Company; To stop paying interest and transferring accrued interest to the following year if the interest payment leads to the business results in the

year and lose its registered capital in the State Securities Commission.

Value of items used to supplement the liquid capital is capped at 50% of the Company's equity. For debts convertible to equity and registered with the State Securities Commission of Vietnam to supplement the liquid capital, the Company deducts 20% of original value each year during the last five (5) years before maturity/conversion into ordinary shares and deducts 25% of the remaining value for each quarter in the last four (4) quarters before maturity/conversion into ordinary shares.

Deductions from the Company's liquid capital include the following items:

Redeemable preference shares and treasury shares (if any);

• 100% value of the downward revaluations of fixed assets, if any, in accordance with the

prevailing regulations;

All decreases in the values of investments, financial assets at book value excluding the securities issued by a related organisation of the Company and the securities with the remaining restricted trading period exceeding 90 days at the reporting date;

Long-term assets and current assets with remaining term to maturity of more than 90 days; and

Asset items being qualified in the audited financial statements (if any).

When determining the deductions from liquid capital, the Company deducts from the liquid capital an amount equal to the minimum value of the market value of the assets, the book value and the residual value of the obligations (for the assets used as collaterals for the obligations of the Company and third parties) and the minimum value of the market value of the collaterals and the book value (for the assets secured by customers' assets).

(c) Market risk value

Market risk value is the value corresponding to the level of loss which may occur if the market value of owned assets and expected owned assets according to guarantee commitments changes unfavourably. Market risk value is determined in accordance with the requirements of Circular 87 as follows:

Market risk value = Net position * Asset value * Market risk coefficient

(i) Net position

Net position of any securities at a point of time is the quantity of securities currently held by the Company, after deducting the number of securities lent out and adding the number of securities borrowed in accordance with the prevailing regulations.

The market risk value is not determined for following securities and assets:

- Treasury shares;
- Securities issued by a related organisation of the Company;
- Securities with the remaining restricted trading period exceeding 90 days at the reporting date;
- Matured bonds, debt instruments and money market valuable papers; and
- Securities which have already been hedged by sell options or futures contracts; and sell options and sell option contracts which have been used to hedge the underlying securities.

(ii) Asset value

Asset value is determined in accordance with principles for determining market value in Circular 87 as follows:

No.	Type of asset	Principles for determining market value				
Cosh	Cash and cash equivalents, money market instruments					
1	Cash in VND Account balance at the reporting date					
2	Foreign currencies	Value converted into VND at the exchange rate of credit institutions authorised for trading foreign currencies at the reporting date				
3	Term deposits	Deposit amount plus accrued interest at the reporting date				
4	Treasury bills, bank drafts, commercial papers, transferable certificates of deposits, bonds and other discounted money market instruments	Purchase price plus accrued interest at the reporting date				
Bond	ls					
5	Listed bonds	 Average quoted price from the Stock Exchanges of normal transaction at the latest trading date plus accrued interest (if quoted price excluded accrued interest) If there was no trading in the two weeks prior to the reporting date, then market value is the highest value of the following: Purchase price plus accrued interest; Par value plus accrued interest; or Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology plus accrued interest. 				

No.	Type of asset	Principles for determining market value
		In other words: Max (Purchase price plus accrued interest; Par value plus accrued interest; Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology plus accrued interest)
6	Unlisted bonds	The highest value of the following: + Quoted price, (if any), from the quoting system selected by the Company plus accrued interest; + Purchase price plus accrued interest; + Par value plus accrued interest; or + Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology plus accrued interest. In other words: Max (Quoted price (if any); Purchase price plus accrued interest; Par value plus accrued interest; Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology plus accrued interest)
Shar	es	
7	Shares listed on the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange	 Closing price at the latest trading date prior to the reporting date If there was no trading in the two weeks prior to the reporting date, then market value is the highest value of the following: + Book value; + Purchase price; or + Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology. In other words: Max (Book value; Purchase price; Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology)
8	Shares listed on the Hanoi Stock Exchange	 Closing price at the latest trading date prior to the reporting date If there was no trading in the two weeks prior to the reporting date, then market value is the highest value of the following: + Book value; + Purchase price; or + Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology. In other words: Max (Book value; Purchase price; Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology)

No.	Type of asset	Principles for determining market value
9	Shares of public companies registered for UpCom trading	Closing price at the latest trading date prior to the reporting date
		 ▶ If there was no trading in the two weeks prior to the reporting date, then market value is the highest value of the following: + Book value; + Purchase price; or + Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology. In other words: Max (Book value; Purchase price; Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology)
10	Shares already custodied but not yet listed and not yet registered for trading	Average price from the quoted prices from at least three securities companies which are not related to the Company at the latest trading date prior to the reporting date
		 ➤ If there was not sufficient quoted prices from three securities companies, then the market value is the highest value of the following: + Quoted prices from securities companies; + Price of the latest period; + Book value; + Purchase price; or + Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology. In other words: Max (Quoted prices from securities companies; Price of the latest period; Book value; Purchase price; Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology)
11	Shares for which trading has been suspended or delisted shares or shares with trading cancellation	The highest of the following: + Book value; + Par value; or + Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology. In other words: Max (Book value; Par value; Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology)

No.	Type of asset	Principles for determining market value	
12	Shares of organisations which are currently being dissolved or bankrupt	80% of the liquidation value of such shares at the latest balance sheet date, or value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology	
13	Other shares and capital contribution	The highest of the following: + Book value; + Purchase price/capital contribution amount; or + Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology. In other words: Max (Book value; Purchase price/capital contribution amount; Value determined accordance with the Company's international methodology)	
Fund	s/Shares of securities investment con	mpanies	
14	Closed-end public funds/ETF Fund	 Closing price at the latest trading date prior to the reporting date If there was no trading in the two weeks prior to the reporting date, then the latest NAV/fund unit prior to the reporting date 	
15	Member funds/Open-ended funds/Shares issued in private placement of securities investment companies	Latest Net asset value per one capital contribution unit/fund certificate/share prior to the reporting date	
16	Other cases	Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology	
Fixed	d assets		
17	Land use rights etc	Value determined by an independent valuation organisation selected by the Company	
18	Building and structures, including construction in progress	Value determined by an independent valuation organisation selected by the Company/ Accumulated costs of construction in progress	
19	Machineries, equipments and motor vehicles etc	Net book value of the asset	
20	Other fixed assets	Value determined by an independent valuation organisation selected by the Company	

No.	Type of asset	Principles for determining market value
Othe	r securities	
21	Secured securities options issued by other securities business organisations	Closing price at the latest trading date prior to the reporting date
		Purchase price (for unlisted secured securities options)
22	Shares listed on overseas market	Price (in foreign currency) * exchange rate at the reporting date
		Closing price at the latest trading date prior to the reporting date
		 If there was no trading in the two weeks prior to the reporting date, then the market value is the highest value of the following: + Book value;
		 + Purchase price; and + Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology.
		In other words: Max (Book value; Purchase price; Value determined in accordance with the Company's internal methodology)

(iii) Market risk coefficient

Market risk coefficient is determined for each type of asset in accordance with the requirements of Circular 87 as disclosed in Note 4.

(iv) Increase in market risk value

The market risk values of assets will be increased if the Company significantly invests in such assets, except for secured underwriting securities, Government bonds and bonds guaranteed by the Government. Market risk value is increased in accordance with the following principles:

- Increase by 10% if the value of any investment accounts for from over 10% to 15% of the Company's equity;
- Increase by 20% if the value of any investment accounts for from over 15% to 25% of the Company's equity; or
- Increase by 30% if the value of any investment accounts for more than 25% of the Company's equity.

Dividends, coupons, value of privileged rights of securities (if any) or interest receivables from cash and cash equivalents, transferrable instruments and valuable papers are added to the asset values when determining the market risk value.

(d) Settlement risk value

Settlement risk value is the value corresponding to the level of loss which may occur if a counterparty is unable to settle obligations or transfer assets on time as committed. Settlement risk value is determined at the end of transaction date or contract date as follows:

Settlement risk value before the due date for payment/transfer of securities is determined in accordance with the following principle:

Settlement risk before due date:

= Settlement risk coefficient by counterparty * Value of the asset with settlement risk

The above principle to determine settlement risk value before due date is applicable for following contracts:

- Term deposits at credit institutions, loans to other organisations and individuals;
- Securities lending contracts and securities borrowing contracts in compliance with laws;
- Repurchase agreements in compliance with laws;
- Reverse repurchase agreements in compliance with laws;
- Margin loan contracts in compliance with laws; and
- Undue accounts receivable, other receivables from customers relating to securities brokerage activities.
- Overdue settlement risk value is determined in accordance with the following principle:

Overdue settlement risk:

Settlement risk coefficient by overdue status * Value of the asset with settlement risks

The above principle to determine settlement risk value over the due date is applicable for:

Overdue receivables, including maturing bonds, valuable papers, debt instruments that have matured but have not yet been paid;

Assets over the time of transfer, including securities in business activities of the company,

securities of customers in securities brokerage activities; and

Securities, unspent securities, money which not received from transactions, maturing contracts including term deposits at credit institutions, loans to other organisations and individuals; The contracts on borrowing or borrowing securities in accordance with the provisions of law; Sale contracts with commitments to buy back securities in accordance with the provisions of law; A contract of sale with a commitment to resell securities in accordance with the provisions of law; Securities collateral loan contract in accordance with the law; and accounts receivable from customers.



(i) Settlement risk coefficient

In accordance with the requirements of Circular 87, settlement risk coefficient by counterparty is as follows:

No.	Counterparty	Settlement risk coefficient
1	The Government, issuing organisations guaranteed by the Government and Central banks of countries in the OECD, People's Committee of provinces and cities under Central authority	
2	The Stock Exchanges, Vietnam Securities Depository	0.8%
3	Credit institutions, financial institutions, and securities companies established in countries in the OECD and with a credit rating satisfying the internal rules of the Company	3.2%
4	Credit institutions, financial institutions, and securities companies established in countries outside the OECD; or established in countries in the OECD but with a credit rating not satisfying the internal rules of the Company	4.8%
5	Credit institutions, financial institutions and securities companies established and operating in Vietnam	6%
6	Other organisations and individuals	8%

In accordance with the requirements of Circular 87, settlement risk coefficient by overdue status is as follows:

No.	Overdue status	Settlement risk coefficient
1	0 - 15 days after the due date for payment/transfer of securities	16%
2	16 - 30 days after the due date for payment/transfer of securities	32%
3	31 - 60 days after the due date for payment/transfer of securities	48%
4	Above 60 days after the due date for payment/transfer of securities	100%

Time for payment/transfer of securities is in accordance with regulations on derivative securities (for derivative securities) T+2 (for listed securities), T+1 (for listed bonds), or T+n (for transactions agreed outside the trading system in n days according to agreement).

(ii) Value of assets with settlement risk

➤ Value of assets with settlement risk in securities borrowing activities, securities lending activities, margin trading activities, and repurchase/reverse repurchase agreements:

No.	Type of transaction	Value of assets with settlement risks
1	Term deposits and unsecured loans	Total value of the deposits and loans
2	Securities lending	Max {(Market value of the contract – Value of collateral assets (if any)), 0}
3	Securities borrowings	Max {(Value of collateral assets – Market value of the contract), 0}
4	Reverse repurchase agreements	Max {(Contract value calculated in accordance with purchase price – Market value of the contract * (1 – Market risk coefficient)),0}
5	Repurchase agreements	Max {(Market value of the contract * (1 – Market risk coefficient) – Contract value based on the selling price),0}
6	Margin loans (lending to customers to purchase securities)/Other arrangements with similar nature	Max {(Outstanding loan balance – Value of collateral assets),0}

Outstanding balance comprises the principal, interest and related fees.

Value of collateral assets is based on the market value. When the market values of collateral assets are not available, market values are determined in accordance with Company's internal methodology.

> Value of assets with settlement risk in securities trading activities:

No.	Time	ime Value of assets with settlement risks		
A. Fo	r the sale of securities transactions (sello bkerage activities)	er is the Company or the Company's customers		
1	Before the due date for payment	Nil		
2	After the due date for payment	Market value of the contract (if the market value is lower than the transaction price)		
		Nil (if the market value is higher than the transaction price)		
B. Fo	omers in brokerage activities)	ons (buyer is the Company or the Company's		
1	Before the due date for securities transfer	Nil		
2	After the due date for securities transfer	Market value of the contract (if the market value is lower than the transaction price)		
		Nil (if the market value is higher than the transaction price)		

Settlement risk values of overdue accounts receivable, matured bonds and debt instruments are the underlying amounts including par value plus accrued interest and fees, less actual cash previously received, if any.

(iii) Deductions from the value of assets with settlement risk

The Company deducts the value of collateral asset received from counterparties or customers from the value of assets with settlement risk when determining the value of assets with settlement risks if the contracts and transactions meet the following criteria:

- The counterparties or customers have collateral assets to secure for their obligations including cash, cash equivalents, valuable papers, transferable money market instruments, listed securities on the Stock Exchanges, Government bonds, or bonds underwritten by the Ministry of Finance; and
- The Company has the right to control, manage, use or transfer the collateral assets if the counterparties or customers fail to settle the obligations according to the contractual schedules.

Value of collateral assets deducted from the value of assets with settlement risk is calculated as follows:

Value of collateral assets = Asset quantity * Asset value per unit * (1 - Market risk coefficient)

Asset value is determined in accordance with the requirements of Circular 87 as described in Note 3c(ii).

Market risk coefficient is determined in accordance with the requirements of Circular 87 as described in Note 4.

(iv) Settlement risk value increase

Settlement risk values are increased in the following cases:

- Increase by 10% if the value of term deposits, loans, undue receivables, reserve repurchase agreements, repurchase agreements to any organisation or individual and group of related organisations and individuals accounts for from over 10% to 15% of the Company's equity;
- Increase by 20% if the value of term deposits, loans, undue receivables, reserve repurchase agreements, repurchase agreements to any organisation or individual and group of related organisations and individuals accounts for from over 15% to 25% of the Company's equity; or
- Increase by 30% if the value of term deposits, loans, undue receivables, reserve repurchase agreements, repurchase agreements to any organisation or individuals and group of related organisations and individuals (if any), or to any individuals and entities related to such individuals (if any), accounts for from more than 25% of the Company's equity.

(v) Netting off value of assets with settlement risk

The value of assets with settlement risk is netted off if:

- The settlement risk is related to the same counter party;
- The settlement risk arises from the same type of transactions; and
- The netting off is agreed by the parties in writing.

(e) Operational risk value

Operational risk value is the value corresponding to the level of loss which may occur due to a technical or system error, human error during the operations, shortage of capital arising from expenses, losses from investment activities, or other reasons.

The operational risk value of the Company is calculated at the higher of:

- 25% of the cost of maintaining the Company's operations for 12 consecutive months up to the time of calculation; and.
- 20% of capital in accordance with the legal

Operating expenses include all costs incurred during the year after deducting:

- Depreciation and amortisation expenses;
- Allowance/(reversal) of allowance for diminution in the value of short-term financial assets;
- Allowance/(reversal) of allowance for diminution in the value of long-term financial assets; and
- Allowance/(reversal) of allowance for doubtful debts.

4. Market risk value

Inves	stment portfolio as of 31 December 2018	Risk coefficient	Risk exposure (VND'000)	Risk value (VND'000)
		(1)	(2)	(3)=(1)*(2)
I.	Cash and cash equivalents, money market instruments		108,294,472	
1.	Cash	0%	4,292,045	-
2.	Cash equivalents and term deposit	0%	104,002,427	-
3.	Valuable papers and transferable money market instruments, certificates of deposit	0%	_	-
II.	Government bonds			
4.	Zero-coupon Government bonds	0%		-
5.	Government coupon bonds: Government bonds, bonds issued by Governments of countries in the OECD or bonds guaranteed by the Government or Central bank of countries in the OECD, and bonds issued by IBRD, ADB, IADB, AFDB, EIB and EBRD	3%	_	_
III.	Corporate bonds			
6.	Listed bonds with remaining terms to maturity of less than 1 year, including convertible bonds	8%	_	-
	Listed bonds with remaining terms to maturity of 1 year up to 3 years, including convertible bonds			-
	Listed bonds with remaining terms to maturity of 3 years up to 5 years, including convertible bonds	15%		
	Listed bonds with remaining terms to maturity of more than 5 years, including convertible bonds	20%	-	
7.	Unlisted bonds with remaining term to maturity of less than 1 year, including convertible bonds	25%		
	Unlisted bonds with remaining terms to maturity of 1 year up to 3 years, including convertible bonds	30%		
	Unlisted bonds with remaining terms to maturity of 3 years up to 5 years, including convertible bonds	35%		
	Unlisted bonds with remaining terms to maturity of more than 5 years, including convertible bonds	40%		-

Invest	ment portfolio as of 31 December 2018	Risk coefficient	Risk exposure (VND'000)	Risk value (VND'000)
		(1)	(2)	(3)=(1)*(2)
IV.	Shares			
8.	Ordinary shares and preference shares of companies listed on the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange; fund units of open-ended funds	10%		_
9.	Ordinary shares and preference shares of companies listed on the Hanoi Stock Exchange	15%		-
10.	Ordinary shares and preference shares of unlisted public companies registered for UpCom trading	20%	_	-
11.	Ordinary shares and preference shares of public companies which have been registered for depository, but have not been listed or not yet registered for trading; shares of Initial Public Offerings (IPO)	30%		_
12.	Shares of other public companies	50%	-	_
V.	Securities investment fund certificates			
13.	Public funds including public investment companies	10%	_	_
14.	Member funds, separate investment companies	30%	-	_
VI.	Securities restricted for trading			
15.	Temporary non-trading securities	40%		
16.	Securities with delisting or trading cancellation	50%	-	
VII.	Other assets			
17.	Shares, capital contribution and other securities	80%	-	
18	Other investments	80%	-	
VIII.	Increased risks (if any)		-	
TOT (I+II	AL MARKET RISK +III+IV+V+VI+VII+VIII)			

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Eastspring Investments Fund Management Limited Liability Company Notes to Financial Safety Ratio Report as of 31 December 2018 (continued)

5. Settlement risk value

ı.	before due date as at 31 December 2010			F	isk valu	Risk value (VND'000)		Total risk value
	Type of transaction	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(VND'000)
	Sottlement risk coefficient	%0	%8.0	3.2%	4.8%	%9	8%	
1	Term deposits, unsecured loans and receivables from	•	1	1	•	6,240,146	2,437,660	8,677,806
C	management services and damig securities lending/Other arrangements with similar nature	1	1	1	1	•	1	
3.	Securities borrowings/Other arrangements with similar		•	1		1	1	
	nature							
4.	Reverse repurchase agreements/Other arrangements with		,	1	,	•	•	
	similar nature							
5.	Repurchase agreements/Other arrangements with similar						•	
	nature	1	1					
6.	Margin loans (lending to customers to purchase securities)/							
	Other arrangements with similar nature	1	1	-	•			
	Sub-total	1	1	1	1	6,240,146	2,437,660	8,677,806
-	Occurdance contributorisk as at 31 December 2018							
i	Overdue settlement and management and an analysis					Risk coefficient	Risk exposure	Risk value
	Overdue status					(%)	(VND'000)	(VND'000)
	0 15 days after the due date for payment/transfer of securities	ties				16%	-	
-	0 - 1.3 days area to day days for navment/transfer of securities	rities				32%		
7	16 - 30 days after the due date for navment/transfer of securities	rities				48%	•	
5.	31 - 00 days after the due date for payment/transfer of securities	curities				100%	-	
.+	Above ou days after the day and the							
	Sub-total							

Eastspring Investments Fund Management Limited Liability Company Notes to Financial Safety Ratio Report as of 31 December 2018 (continued)

Other increased risks (if any) as at 31 December 2018	Risk coefficient (%)	Risk exposure (VND'000)	Risk value (VND'000)
Train democite at hanks accounts for from over 10% to 15% of the Company's equity	10%	1	
Term deposits at banks accounts for from more than 25% of the Company's equity	30%	5,638,282	1,691,484
County for 150% of the Company's equity	30%	2,411,870	723.561
Receivables account for from more than 23% of the Company 3 equity		8 050 152	2 415 045
		701,000,0	C+0,C1+,2
TOTAL SETTLEMENT RISK (I+II+III)			11,092,851
W (III III) W			

- (1) Settlement risk value applicable to the Government, issuing organisations guaranteed by the Government or the Ministry of Finance, the State Bank of Vietnam, Governments and Central banks of OECD countries, People's Committees of provinces and cities under Central authority;
- (2) Settlement risk value applicable to the Stock Exchanges, Vietnam Securities Depository;
- (3) Settlement risk value applicable to credit institutions, financial institutions, and securities companies established in the OECD countries;
- (4) Settlement risk value applicable to credit institutions, financial institutions, and securities companies established outside the OECD;
- (5) Settlement risk value applicable to credit institutions, financial institutions, and securities companies established and operating in Vietnam; and
- (6) Settlement risk value applicable to other organisations and individuals.

6. Operational risk value

No.	Items	31/12/2018 VND'000
I.	Total operating expenses for the year ended 31 December 2018	72,494,067
II.	Deductions from total operating expenses	302,095
1.	Depreciation and amortisation expenses	302,095
2.	Allowance/(reversal) of allowance for diminution in the value of short-term securities investments	-
3.	Allowance/(reversal) of allowance for diminution in the value of long-term securities investments	•
4.	Allowance/(reversal) of allowance for doubtful debts	-
III.	Total operating expenses after deductions (III = I – II)	72,191,972
IV.	25% of total operating expenses after deductions (IV = 25% III)	18,047,993
v.	20% of legal capital of the Company	5,000,000
	TAL OPERATIONAL RISK (=Max {IV, V})	18,047,993

7. Liquid capital

		Liquid capita	al as of 31 Dece	ember 2018
No.	Items	Liquid capital (VND'000)	Deductions (VND'000)	Additions (VND'000)
A.	Equity			
1.	Share capital, excluding redeemable preference shares (if any)	25,000,000		
2.	Capital surplus, excluding redeemable preference shares (if any)	7.		
3.	Treasury shares	-		
4.	Reserve to supplement share capital (if any)	2,081,457		
5.	Investment and development funds (if any)	-		
6.	Financial reserve and operational risk	2,081,457		
7.	Other equity funds			
8.	Retained profits	86,749,953		
9.	Allowance for diminution in value of financial assets			
10.	Differences upon fixed assets revaluation	-		
11.	Foreign exchange differences			
12.	Convertible debts			
13.	Deductions or additions relating to investments		-	
14.	Other equity (if any)	-		
1A.	Sub-total			115,912,86
B.	Current assets			
I.	Cash and cash equivalents			
II.	Short-term investments			
1.	Short-term investments			
	Securities with potential market risks as set out in Article 9.2			
	Securities deducted from the liquid capital as set out in Article 6.5			-
2.	Allowance for diminution in the value of short-term investments			

	Thomas	Liquid capita	Liquid capital as of 31 December 2018			
No.	Items	Liquid capital (VND'000)	Deductions (VND'000)	Additions (VND'000)		
m	Short-term receivables, including receivables from entrusted activity					
1.	Accounts receivable from customers					
	Accounts receivable with remaining terms			H. All		
	to maturity of 90 days or less					
	Accounts receivable with remaining terms					
	to maturity of more than 90 days					
2.	Prepayments to suppliers		-			
3.	Account receivables from operation activities					
	Accounts receivable from operation					
	activities with remaining terms to maturity of 90 days or less					
	Accounts receivable from operation					
	activities with remaining terms to					
	maturity of more than 90 days		-			
4.	Intra-company receivables					
	Intra-company receivables with					
	remaining terms to maturity of 90 days or					
	less Intra-company receivables with					
	remaining terms to maturity of more than					
	90 days		-			
5.	Accounts receivable from securities trading activities					
	Accounts receivable from securities					
	trading activities with remaining terms to					
	maturity of 90 days or less					
	Accounts receivable from securities					
	trading activities with remaining terms to					
	maturity of more than 90 days					
6.	Other receivables					
	Other receivables with remaining terms					
	to maturity of 90 days or less Other receivables with remaining terms					
	to maturity of more than 90 days		-			
7.	Allowance for doubtful debts					
IV.	Inventories					
V.	Other current assets					
1.	Short-term prepayments		1,640,309			
2.	Deductible value added tax					
3.	Taxes and other receivables from the					
5.	State Treasury					
4.	Other current assets					

		Liquid capita	al as of 31 Dece	mber 2018
No.	Items	Liquid capital (VND'000)	Deductions (VND'000)	Additions (VND'000)
4.1.	Advances			
	Advances with remaining terms of 90 days or less			
	Advances with remaining terms of more than 90 days		-	
4.2.	Other receivables, other current assets		39,000	
1B.	Sub-total			1,679,309
C.	Long-term assets			
I.	Long-term receivables, including receivables from entrusted activity			
1.	Accounts receivable			
	Accounts receivable with remaining terms to maturity of 90 days or less			
	Accounts receivable with remaining terms to maturity of more than 90 days		_	
2.	Allocated capital at dependent units			
3.	Intra-company receivables			
	Intra-company receivables with remaining terms to maturity of 90 days or less			
	Intra-company receivables with remaining terms to maturity of more than 90 days		-	
4.	Other receivables			
	Other receivables with remaining terms to maturity of 90 days or less			
	Other receivables with remaining terms to maturity of more than 90 days			
5.	Allowance for doubtful debts			
II	Fixed assets		1,444,070	
III.	Investment property		-	
	Long-term investments			
IV.	Investments in subsidiaries			
1.	Investment in joint-ventures			
2.	Investment in joint-ventures Investments in associates			
3.	Investment securities			I EBINE
4.	Securities with market risks as set out in Article 9.2			
	Securities deducted from the liquid capital as set out in Article 6.5			
5	Foreign long-term investments			
6.	Other long-term investments			-
7.	Allowance for diminution in the value of long-term investments			

		Liquid capital as of 31 December 2018		
No.	Items	Liquid capital (VND'000)	Deductions (VND'000)	Additions (VND'000)
V.	Other long-term assets			
1	Long-term prepayments			
2	Deferred tax assets		2,441,946	
3	Long-term deposits		1,035,712	
	Assets being qualified in the audited annual financial statements but not yet included in the deductions pursuant to Article 6			
1C.	Sub-total			4,921,728
LIQ	UID CAPITAL = 1A-1B-1C			109,311,830

8. Approval of the Financial Safety Ratio Report

The Financial Safety Ratio Report was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 21 March 2019.

21 March 2019

Prepared by:

Approved by:

CÔNG TY TRÁCH HHIỆM HỮU HẠ QUẨN LÝ QUỸ

Ms. Le Minh Thuy Chief Accountant

Mr. Tong Cong Cuong Head of Internal Control Department Mr. Ngo The Trieu Chief Executive Officer