



EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS BOND FUND

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024



Dear Valued Investor,

Greetings from Eastspring Investments Berhad!

First and foremost, we would like to take this opportunity to thank you for choosing to invest with Eastspring Investments Berhad.

We are pleased to enclose a copy of the Annual/Semi-annual/ Quarterly Fund Reports of Eastspring Investments Berhad's fund(s) for the reporting period ended 31 December 2024.

You may also download these reports from our website at www.eastspring.com/my

Should you require any assistance, please do not hesitate to contact our Client Services at 03-2778 1000.

Yours sincerely,

YAP SIOK HOON

Executive Director/Chief Executive Officer

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FUND INFORMATION

Name of Fund

Eastspring Investments Bond Fund (the "Fund")

Fund Category/ Type

Bond/income

Fund Objective

The Fund seeks to provide investors with a steady stream of income* returns by investing principally** in a portfolio of investment grade fixed income securities with exposure in noninvestment grade fixed income securities which yield above average returns.

ANY MATERIAL CHANGES TO THE FUND'S OBJECTIVE WOULD REQUIRE UNIT HOLDERS' APPROVAL.

- Income distributed to a Unit Holder will be reinvested into additional Units unless Unit Holder opts for the distribution to be paid out.
- ** principally refers to minimum 70% of the Fund's NAV

Performance Benchmark

The performance benchmark of the Fund is Quant Shop Malaysian Government Securities Medium Index ("Quant Shop MGS Medium Index").

Source: www.quantshop.com

Note: The risk profile of the Fund is different from the risk profile of the performance benchmark.

Fund Income Distribution Policy

At least once a year, subject to the availability of income.

KEY PERFORMANCE DATA FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED

Category	2024	2023	2022
	(%)	(%)	(%)
Unquoted fixed income securities	73.38	91.83	73.47
Cash and other assets	26.62	8.17	26.53
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00
Net Asset Value (NAV) (RM'000)	274,679	197,459	305,911
Units In Circulation (Units '000)	424,407	306,734	483,360
Net Asset Value Per Unit (RM)	0.6472	0.6437	0.6329
Highest Net Asset Value Per Unit (RM)#	0.6472	0.6436	0.6328
Lowest Net Asset Value Per Unit (RM)#	0.6465	0.6420	0.6317
Total Return (%)			
- Capital Growth	0.56	1.69	(2.75)
- Income Distribution	3.62	3.91	3.59
Total Return (%)	4.20	5.68	0.73
Gross Distribution Per Unit (RM)	0.0234	0.0251	0.0227
Net Distribution Per Unit (RM)	0.0234	0.0251	0.0227
Total Expense Ratio (TER) (%)*	1.10	1.09	1.10
Portfolio Turnover Ratio (PTR) (times)^	0.18	0.32	0.76

[#] Figure shown as ex-distribution.

^{*} There were no significant changes to the TER during the period under review.

[^] There were no significant changes to the PTR during the period under review.

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KEY PERFORMANCE DATA (CONTINUED)

			1.1.2024 to	3 years 1.1.2022 to 31.12.2024	1.1.2020 to
			(%)	(%)	(%)
Average total return			4.20	3.51	2.64
Year ended		1.1.2023 to 31.12.2023			
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)

Source: The above total return of the Fund was sourced from Lipper for Investment Management.

5 68

0.73

(1.07)

Bases of calculation and assumptions made in calculating returns:

4 20

Annual total return

Percentage growth = $\frac{NAV_t}{NAV_0}$ -1

NAVt = NAV at the end of the period

NAV₀ = NAV at the beginning of the period

Performance annualised = $(1 + \text{Percentage Growth})^{1/n} - 1$ Adjusted for unit split and distribution paid out for the period n = Number of years

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

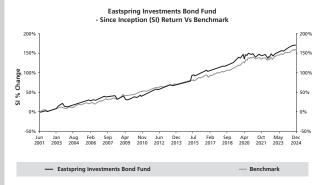
MANAGER'S REPORT

Fund Performance

Over the 5-year period, the Fund recorded a return of 13.95%, underperforming the benchmark return of 18.20% by 4.25%.

During the period under review, the Fund registered a return of 4.20%, outperforming the benchmark return of 3.87% by 0.33%.

The outperformance of the Fund for the period under review was contributed by its investment in longer tenor bonds which outperformed the benchmark.



The performance is calculated on NAV-to-NAV basis with gross income or dividend reinvested.

Benchmark: Quant Shop Malaysian Government Securities Medium Index ("Quant Shop MGS Medium Index").

Source: Lipper for Investment Management and www.quantshop.com, as at 31 December 2024.

Past performance of the Fund is not necessarily indicative of its future performance.

MANAGER'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

Analysis of Fund Performance

For the financial year ended 31 December 2024:

Income Return	Capital Return*	Total Return	Total Return of Benchmark
(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
3.62	0.56	4.20	3.87

^{*} Capital return components (NAV per unit to NAV per unit).

Distribution/ Unit Split

Ex-Date	16-Dec-24
Distribution Per Unit	(RM)
Gross Net	0.0234 0.0234

Impact on NAV arising from distribution for the financial year ended 31 December 2024.

Ex-Date	16-Dec-24
	(RM per Unit)
Net Asset Value before distribution	0.6701
Less: distribution	(0.0234)
Net Asset Value after distribution	0.6467

No unit split were declared for the financial year ended 31 December 2024

Investment Strategy During the Period Under Review

The Fund participated in selected quality issuances for yield pickup, and trade on market volatility, subject to liquidity constraints.

MANAGER'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

Asset Allocation

Asset Allocation	31-Dec 2024	31-Dec 2023	Changes
	(%)	(%)	(%)
Unquoted fixed income securities Cash and other assets	73.38 26.62	91.83 8.17	(18.45) 18.45

Asset Allocation as at 31 December 2024



The increase in cash holdings was due to significant inflows into the fund towards the end of the year.

State of Affairs of the Fund

There have been neither significant change to the state of affairs of the Fund nor any circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unit holders during the period under review.

MARKET REVIEW

In 2024, the US economy demonstrated exceptional strength, with GDP growth averaging 2.6% quarter-on-quarter annualized over the first three quarters. This robust performance was reflected in the S&P 500, which delivered a 25.0% return, driven by the "Magnificent Seven" Al stocks and a broadening of earnings expectations. During the period, the Federal Reserve ("Fed") lowered its federal funds rate by 100 bps during the review period to 4.25%-4.50% in reflection of the Federal Reserve's commitment to maximum employment and price stability. However, the US fiscal direction raised concerns, leading to a strong performance from gold, which ended the year with a 27.1% return. The Federal Reserve's policy normalization efforts were challenged by resilient growth and sticky inflation, causing markets to adjust their expectations for the pace of rate cuts.

In contrast, European economic momentum weakened significantly due to high energy costs, damaging regulations, and a lack of export demand, exacerbated by government-subsidized competition from China. Political turmoil in France and Germany, driven by fiscal pressures and the rise of populist parties, further fractured the political consensus, leading to underperformance in European equities with an 8.1% return. The UK saw a cyclical rebound with a 9.5% return, initially boosted by post-election optimism, but this was tempered by larger-than-expected tax rises in the autumn budget, particularly the increase in national insurance tax on employment, which negatively impacted business sentiment. In Asia, Chinese activity remained weak due to falling property prices and low consumer confidence, but cohesive policy announcements in September led to a rally in Chinese equities, resulting in a 19.8% return. Japanese equities also performed well, delivering a 20.5% return, supported by corporate reforms and a weak yen.

In Malaysia, Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") has decided to maintain the Overnight Policy Rate ("OPR") at 3% for 2024, with future adjustments being data dependent. BNM is closely monitoring developments to assess domestic inflation and growth trends, aiming to support economic growth while ensuring price stability. It is noted that the upside risk to inflation would be dependent on the extent of spillover effects of domestic policy measures, such as RON95 petrol subsidy rationalisation and higher labour costs under Budget 2025 as well as global commodity prices and financial market developments. However, market participants generally expect OPR to stay at 3.00% over the next 6 to 12 months as the current monetary policy approach continues to support the economy and aligns with the prevailing outlook for inflation and growth. Malaysia's economy is expected to grow by 4.5%-5.5% in 2025, driven by strong domestic demand and export recovery. Inflation is projected to increase moderately to 2.0%-3.5%. The government plans to cut the deficit from 4.3% in 2024 to 3.8% in 2025, aiming for 3% by 2026.

The month of June 2024 saw the announcement of diesel fuel subsidy rationalisation with an increase in diesel retail price from RM2.15/litre to RM3.35/litre on 10 Jun which ticks another box in Budget 2024 strategies. The blanket removal of diesel subsidy is expected to produce annual savings of ~RM7bn going forward. Noting the potential impact on certain part of the economy and household, the Government has concurrently announced targeted assistance via fleet card application under the Subsidised Diesel Control System ("SKDS") alongside monthly Budi MADANI cash aid of RM200 to eligible recipients.

Also, the 2025 Budget, presented by Prime Minister Datuk Seri Anwar Ibrahim, focuses on economic reform, change, and prosperity. It projects a narrower fiscal deficit of 3.8% of GDP, with record-high expenditure of RM421 billion. Key measures include targeted RON95 subsidies, a minimum wage hike to RM1,700, and various tax reliefs to support households. The budget emphasizes public-private partnerships, with RM9 billion in investments expected, alongside RM25 billion in direct domestic investments by GLIC companies. Revenue is projected to rise by 5.5%, driven by higher tax collections. The budget aims to boost consumer spending, improve public finances, and support sectors like construction and healthcare, while addressing external risks and inflationary pressures. Additionally, it includes initiatives for subsidy rationalization, higher minimum wages, and targeted assistance to address the cost of living, aiming to enhance economic resilience and growth.

Malaysia's headline CPI declined to 1.8% y-o-y (October: 1.9%), while core inflation remained stable at 1.8% y-o-y (October: 1.8%). Unemployment rate improved to 3.2% in November (October: 3.2%). BNM international reserves amounted to US\$118.1bn as at 13 December 2024 (15 November: US\$118.0bn). The reserves position is sufficient to finance 4.6 months of imports and is 0.9x of the total short-term external debt. The Ringgit closed slightly weaker at 4.4718 against the USD, at 0.6% m-o-m. In 2024, the Ringgit appreciated over 2.73% against the US dollar, outperforming other major Asian currencies which either declined or stagnated, supported by the coordinated efforts between the government and BNM, Malaysia's promising economic prospects, and ongoing structural reforms.

Malaysia's MGS yield curve shifted higher during the year with 3-, 5-, 10- and 15-year yields closed at 3.50%, 3.64%, 3.83% and 3.97%, respectively. The increase in yields alongside rising UST yields across the curve over the year was bolstered by dimming outlook for Federal Reserve interest rate cuts against a backdrop of stubbornly high inflation

REBATES AND SOFT COMMISSIONS

During the period under review, the Manager and its delegates (if any) did not receive any soft commissions from stockbrokers.

SECURITIES LENDING OR REPURCHASE TRANSACTIONS

No securities lending or repurchase transaction have been carried out during the financial period under review.

Eastspring Investments Bond Fund

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EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS BOND FUND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

We, Yap Siok Hoon and John Campbell Tupling, being two of the Directors of Eastspring Investments Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 18 to 57 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Deeds and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2024 and of its financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows for the financial year ended on that date in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

For and on behalf of the Manager,

EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS BERHAD

YAP SIOK HOON

Executive Director/Chief Executive Officer

JOHN CAMPBELL TUPLING

Independent, Non-Executive Director

Kuala Lumpur

Date: 24 February 2025

TRUSTEE'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS BOND FUND ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Eastspring Investments Berhad has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:-

- 1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

We are of the opinion that the distribution of income by the Fund is appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Ng Hon Leong

Head, Fund Operations

Svlvia Beh

Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur

Date: 24 February 2025

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS BOND FUND

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of Eastspring Investments Bond Fund ("the Fund") give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2024, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

What we have audited

We have audited the financial statements of the Fund, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 18 to 57.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Manager's Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager for the financial statements

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to terminate the Fund, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- a. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- b. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- d. Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.

e. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the unit holders of the Fund, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS PLT LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur Date: 24 February 2025

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	Note	2024	2023
		RM	RM
INVESTMENT INCOME Interest income from deposits			
with licensed financial institutions Interest income from unquoted		712,361	1,053,849
fixed income securities Net gain on financial assets		8,112,042	10,195,002
at fair value through profit or loss	7	1,380,162	6,323,242
		10,204,565	17,572,093
EXPENSES			
Management fee	3	(1,999,455)	(2,664,731)
Trustee fee	4	(159,956)	(213,179)
Audit fee		(8,400)	(8,400)
Tax agent fee		(4,000)	(3,700)
Other expenses		(17,801)	(18,319)
		(2,189,612)	(2,908,329)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		8,014,953	14,663,764
TAXATION	5		
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION AND			
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		8,014,953	14,663,764
Profit after taxation is made up of the following:			
Realised amount		7,328,740	8,952,008
Unrealised amount		686,213	5,711,756
		8,014,953	14,663,764

The accompanying material accounting policy information and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

	Note	2024	2023
		RM	RM
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through	8	69,858,241	15,106,609
profit or loss	7	201,556,618	181,353,726
Amount due from Manager		4,567,091	2,253,024
TOTAL ASSETS		275,981,950	198,713,359
LIABILITIES			
Accrued management fee		230,684	169,353
Amount due to Manager		1,036,898	1,052,134
Amount due to Trustee		18,455	13,548
Other payables and accruals TOTAL LIABILITIES		17,140 1,303,177	19,551 1,254,586
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,505,177	1,234,360
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND		274,678,773	197,458,773
			_
EQUITY		222.075.202	1 47 1 46 1 27
Unit holders' capital Retained earnings		222,975,283 51,703,490	147,146,127 50,312,646
Retained earnings		51,703,490	50,312,646
NET ASSET ATTRIBUTABLE			
TO UNIT HOLDERS		274,678,773	197,458,773
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	9	424,406,511	306,734,103
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (EX-DISTRIBUTION) (RM)		0.6472	0.6437

The accompanying material accounting policy information and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	Note	Unit holders' capital	Retained earnings	Total
		RM	RM	RM
Balance as at 1 January 2024		147,146,127	50,312,646	197,458,773
Movement in unit holders' contribution: Creation of units from		400 500 444		400 500 444
applications Creation of units from		198,500,111	-	198,500,111
distribution Cancellation of units Distribution		9,529,990 (129,150,390)	-	9,529,990 (129,150,390)
(Gross/Net: 2.34 sen) Total comprehensive income	6	(3,050,555)	(6,624,109)	(9,674,664)
for the financial year			8,014,953	8,014,953
Balance as at 31 December 2024		222,975,283	51,703,490	274,678,773
Balance as at 1 January 2023		263,325,955	42,585,423	305,911,378
Movement in unit holders' contribution: Creation of units from				
applications Creation of units from		73,357,042	-	73,357,042
distribution Cancellation of units Distribution		7,202,424 (196,198,378)	-	7,202,424 (196,198,378)
(Gross/Net: 2.51 sen) Total comprehensive income	6	(540,916)	(6,936,541)	(7,477,457)
for the financial year			14,663,764	14,663,764
Balance as at 31 December 2023		147,146,127	50,312,646	197,458,773

The accompanying material accounting policy information and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	Note	2024	2023
		RM	RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of investments		26,911,501	116,761,920
Purchase of investments Interest received from deposits		(45,743,900)	(67,611,500)
with licensed financial institutions Interest received from unquoted		712,361	1,053,849
fixed income securities		8,121,710	10,726,660
Management fee paid		(1,938,124)	(2,752,456)
Trustee fee paid		(155,049)	(220,197)
Payment for other fees and expenses		(32,611)	(34,195)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		(12,124,112)	57,924,081
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash proceeds from units created		196,186,044	75,625,219
Payments for cancellation of units		(129,165,626)	(195,645,554)
Distribution paid		(144,674)	(275,033)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities		66,875,744	(120,295,368)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		54,751,632	(62,371,287)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		15,106,609	77,477,896
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	8	69,858,241	15,106,609

The accompanying material accounting policy information and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

The following accounting policies have been used in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

A. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS and International Financial Reporting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported financial year. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgement are based on the Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note I

- a. Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are applicable and effective:
 - There are no standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that are applicable and effective for financial periods beginning on 1 January 2024 that have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.
- b. Standards and amendments that have been issued that are applicable to the Fund but not yet effective:
- Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7 'Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments' (effective 1 January 2026)
 - The amendments clarify that financial assets are derecognised when the rights to the cash flows expire or when the asset is transferred, and financial liabilities are derecognised at the settlement date (i.e. when the liability is extinguished or qualifies for derecognition).

- There is an optional exception to derecognise a financial liability at a date earlier than the settlement date if the cash transfer takes place through an electronic payment system, provided that all the specified criteria are met;
- The amendments also clarify and add further guidance for assessing whether a financial asset meets the solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") criterion;
- There are additional new disclosures for certain instruments with contractual terms that can change cash flows (such as some financial instruments with features linked to the achievement of environment, social and governance targets); and
- The amendments update the disclosures for equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI").
- MFRS 18 'Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements' (effective 1 January 2027) replaces MFRS 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements'
 - The new MFRS introduces a new structure of profit or loss statement.
 - i. Income and expenses are classified into 3 new main categories:
 - Operating category which typically includes results from the main business activities;
 - Investing category that presents the results of investments in associates and joint ventures and other assets that generate a return largely independently of other resources; and
 - Financing category that presents income and expenses from financing liabilities.
 - ii. Entities are required to present two new specified subtotals: 'Operating profit or loss' and 'Profit or loss before financing and income taxes'.
 - Management-defined performance measures are disclosed in a single note and reconciled to the most similar specified subtotal in MFRS Accounting Standards.
 - Changes to the guidance on aggregation and disaggregation which focus on grouping items based on their shared characteristics.

The Fund is currently still assessing the effect of the above standards and amendments. No other new standards or amendments to standards are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

B. INCOME RECOGNITION

Interest income from short-term deposits placed with licensed financial institutions and unquoted fixed income securities are recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance)

Realised gain or loss on disposal of unquoted fixed income securities is accounted for as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments, which is determined on cost adjusted for accretion of discount and amortisation of premium.

C. TAXATION

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable income earned during the financial year.

D. FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

E. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

i. Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss, and
- those to be measured at amortised cost

The Fund classifies its investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets

The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The Fund has not taken the option to irrevocably designate any equity securities as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. The contractual cash flows of the Fund's debt securities are solely principal and interest, however, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents and amount due from Manager as financial assets at amortised cost as these financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows consisting of the amount outstanding.

The Fund classifies accrued management fee, amount due to Manager, amount due to Trustee and other payables and accruals as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

ii. Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within "net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" in the financial year in which they arise.

Unquoted fixed income securities are carried at cost and adjusted for any amortisation of premium or accretion of discount from acquisition date to maturity date. The carrying cost is revalued to reflect its fair value on a daily basis based on fair value prices quoted by a bond pricing agency ("BPA") registered with the Securities Commission as per the Securities Commission's ("SC") Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

Where such quotations are not available or where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by the BPA for a specific unquoted fixed income securities differs from the market price by more than 20 basis points, the Manager may use the market price, provided that the Manager:

- (i) records its basis for using a non-BPA price;
- (ii) obtains necessary internal approvals to use the non-BPA price; and
- (iii) keeps an audit trail of all decisions and basis for adopting the market yield.

Financial assets and other financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

iii. Impairment for assets carried at amortised costs

The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12 months expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

iv. Significant increase in credit risk

A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due.

v. Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

vi. Write-off

The Fund writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The assessment of no reasonable expectation of recovery is based on unavailability of debtor's sources of income or assets to generate sufficient future cash flows to repay the amount. The Fund may write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off will result in impairment gains. There are no write-offs/recoveries during the financial year.

F. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise bank balances and short-term deposits with licensed financial institutions with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

G. UNIT HOLDERS' CAPITAL

The unit holders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria to be classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 "Financial Instruments: Presentation". Those criteria include:

- the units entitle the holder to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value:
- the units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
- there are no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the Fund to repurchase; and
- the total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year if unit holder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unit holders with the total number of outstanding units.

H. AMOUNT DUE FROM/(TO) BROKERS

Amount due from and to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet settled or delivered on the statement of financial position date respectively. The amount due from brokers balance is held for collection. Refer to Note E for accounting policy on recognition and measurement.

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

Significant financial difficulties of the brokers, probability that the brokers will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required.

I. DISTRIBUTION

A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for as a deduction from realised reserve. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the financial year in which it is approved by the Trustee of the Fund.

J. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information contents on the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impacts to the Fund's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances

In undertaking any of the Fund's investment, the Manager will ensure that all assets of the Fund under management will be valued appropriately, that is at fair value and in compliance with the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. INFORMATION ON THE FUND

Eastspring Investments Bond Fund (the "Fund") was constituted pursuant to the execution of Master Deed dated 4 May 2001, Supplemental Master Deed dated 26 May 2003, a Supplemental Master Deed dated 15 February 2006, Master Supplemental Deed dated 25 July 2007 and Second Supplemental Master Deed dated 30 November 2009 between BHLB (Malaysia) Trustee Berhad ("BHLB Trustee") and Eastspring Investments Berhad (the "Manager"). The Fund replaced BHLB Trustee with Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad (the "Trustee") effective 1 October 2010. A Supplemental Master Deed was entered into between the Manager and the Trustee on 30 July 2010 to effect the change of trustee from BHLB Trustee to the Trustee, followed by Second Supplemental Master Deed dated 28 January 2011, Third Supplemental Master Deed dated 9 March 2011, Fourth Supplemental Master Deed dated 20 January 2012, Fifth Supplemental Master Deed dated 26 March 2014, Sixth Supplemental Master Deed dated 2 January 2015, Seventh Supplemental Master Deed dated 11 July 2016, Eighth Supplemental Master Deed dated 25 January 2017, Ninth Supplemental Master Deed dated 11 December 2017, Tenth Supplemental Master Deed dated 4 June 2018, Eleventh Supplemental Master Deed dated 30 September 2021. Twelfth Supplemental Master Deed dated 29 June 2022 and Thirteenth Supplemental Master Deed dated 29 November 2022 (collectively referred to as the "Deeds").

The Fund was launched on 29 May 2001 and will continue its operations until terminated as provided under Part 12 of the Deed.

The Fund seeks to provide investors with a steady stream of income returns by investing principally in a portfolio of investment-grade fixed income securities with exposure in non-investment grade fixed income securities which yield above average returns.

All investments will be subjected to the Securities Commission's ("SC") Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds, the Deeds and the Fund's objective.

The Manager is a company incorporated in Malaysia and is related to Prudential Plc., a public listed company in the United Kingdom. The principal activity of the Manager is the establishment and management of unit trust funds and asset management.

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks, which include market risk (inclusive of price risk and interest rate risk), liquidity risk, credit/default risk, fund management risk, non-compliance risk and capital risk.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the Deeds.

Financial instruments of the Fund are as follows:

	Note	Financial assets at amortised cost	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Total
		RM	RM	RM
2024 Cash and cash equivalents Unquoted fixed income securities Amount due from Manager	8	69,858,241 - 4,567,091 74,425,332	201,556,618 - 201,556,618	69,858,241 201,556,618 4,567,091 275,981,950
2023 Cash and cash equivalents Unquoted fixed income securities Amount due from Manager	8	15,106,609 - 2,253,024 17,359,633	- 181,353,726 - 181,353,726	15,106,609 181,353,726 2,253,024 198,713,359

All liabilities are financial liabilities which are carried at amortised cost.

Market risk

Price risk

Price risk arises mainly from the uncertainty about future prices of investments. It represents the potential loss the Fund might suffer through holding market positions in the face of price movements. The Manager manages the risk of unfavourable changes in prices by continuous monitoring of the performance and risk profile of the investment portfolio.

The table below shows assets of the Fund as at 31 December which are exposed to price risk:

	2024	2023
	RM	RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:		
Unquoted fixed income securities*	_201,556,618_	181,353,726

^{*} Includes interest receivables of RM2,556,094 (2023: RM2,284,164).

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit after tax and net asset value to movements in price of unquoted fixed income securities at the end of each financial reporting year. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the prices of the unquoted fixed income securities increased and decreased by 5% with all other variables held constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the unquoted fixed income securities, having regard to the historical volatility of the prices.

% Change in price	Market value	Impact on profit after tax and net asset value
	RM	RM
<u>2024</u> +5% -5%	208,950,550 189,050,498	9,950,026 (9,950,026)
<u>2023</u> +5% -5%	188,023,040 170,116,084	8,953,478 (8,953,478)

ii. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on the fair value of financial assets and liabilities and future cash flows.

In general, when interest rates rise, unquoted fixed income securities prices will tend to fall and vice versa. Therefore, the net asset value of the Fund may also tend to fall when interest rates rise or are expected to rise. However, investors should be aware that should the Fund holds an unquoted fixed income securities till maturity, such price fluctuations would dissipate as it approaches maturity, and thus the growth of the net asset value shall not be affected at maturity. In order to mitigate interest rates exposure of the Fund, the Manager will manage the duration of the portfolio via shorter or longer tenured assets depending on the view of the future interest rate trend of the Manager, which is based on its continuous fundamental research and analysis.

Investors should note that the movement in prices of unquoted fixed income securities and money market instruments are benchmarked against interest rates. As such, the investments are exposed to the movement of the interest rates.

This risk is crucial since unquoted fixed income securities portfolio management depends on forecasting interest rate movements. Prices of unquoted fixed income securities move inversely to interest rate movements, therefore as interest rates rise, the prices of unquoted fixed income securities decrease and vice versa. Furthermore, unquoted fixed income securities with longer maturity and lower yield coupon rates are more susceptible to interest rate movements.

Such investments may be subject to unanticipated rise in interest rates which may impair the ability of the issuers to make payments of interest income and principal, especially if the issuers are highly leveraged. An increase in interest rates may therefore increase the potential for default by an issuer.

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit after tax and net asset value to movements in prices of investments at the end of each financial reporting year as a result of movement in interest rate. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the interest rate changed by 1% (2023: 1%) with all other variables held constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the interest rate, having regard to the historical volatility of the interest rate.

	2024	2023
% Change in interest rate of unquoted fixed income securities	Impact on profit after tax and net asset value	Impact on profit after tax and net asset value
	RM	RM
+1% (2023: +1%) - 1% (2023: -1%)	(492,038) 494,156	(512,272) 514,718

The Fund's investments in deposits with licensed financial institutions are short-term in nature. Therefore, exposure to interest rate fluctuations is minimal.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations. Generally, all investments are subject to a certain degree of liquidity risk depending on the nature of the investment instruments, market, sector and other factors. For the purpose of the Fund, the Manager will attempt to balance the entire portfolio by investing in a mix of assets with satisfactory trading volume and those that occasionally could encounter poor liquidity. This is expected to reduce the risks for the entire portfolio without limiting the Fund's growth potentials.

The Fund maintains sufficient level of liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellations of units by unit holders. Liquid assets comprise bank balances, deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The table below summarises the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period as at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 month	Between 1 month to 1 year	Total
	RM	RM	RM
2024 Accrued management fee Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee Other payables and accruals Contractual undiscounted cash outflows	230,684 1,036,898 18,455 - 1,286,037	- - 17,140 17,140	230,684 1,036,898 18,455 17,140
2023 Accrued management fee Amount due to Manager Amount due to Trustee Other payables and accruals Contractual undiscounted cash outflows	169,353 1,052,134 13,548 - 1,235,035	- - 19,551 19,551	169,353 1,052,134 13,548 19,551 1,254,586

Credit/Default risk

Credit risk refers to the ability of an issuer or a counter party to make timely payments of interest income, principals and proceeds from realisation of investments.

Credit risk arising from cash and bank balances is managed by ensuring that they are held by parties with credit rating of AA1 or higher.

The credit risk arising from placements of deposits with licensed financial institutions is managed by ensuring that the Fund will only place deposits in reputable licensed financial institutions. The settlement terms of the proceeds from the creation of units receivable from the Manager are governed by the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

The credit/default risk is minimal as all transactions in quoted securities are settled/paid upon delivery using approved brokers.

For unquoted fixed income securities, the Manager regularly reviews the rating assigned to the issuer so that necessary steps can be taken if the rating falls below those described by the Deeds and the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

The following table sets out the credit risk concentrations and counterparties of the Fund.

	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Cash and cash equivalents	Manager	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM
2024 Financial Services - AAA Unquoted Fixed Income Securities Consumer Discretionary	-	69,858,241	-	69,858,241
- AA1 (S)	23,220,048	_	_	23,220,048
- AA2 (S)	5,181,809	_	_	5,181,809
- AA2	5,118,347	_	_	5,118,347
Consumer Staples	3,110,347			3,110,347
- AA2	10,240,662	-	-	10,240,662
Energy & Utilities				
- AA- IS	3,155,296	-	-	3,155,296
- AA1	3,105,074	-	-	3,105,074
- AA3	27,012,710	-	-	27,012,710
- AAA (S) Financial	1,536,720	-	-	1,536,720
- A1	15,575,862	-	-	15,575,862
- AA1	20,150,741	-	-	20,150,741
- AA2	9,003,310	-	-	9,003,310
- AA3 Information Technology	35,823,851	-	-	35,823,851
- AA IS (CG)	15,446,495	-	-	15,446,495

	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RM	Cash and cash equivalents RM	Amount due from Manager RM	Total RM
2024 (continued) Public Administration - NR Transportation & Storage	1,064,658	-	-	1,064,658
- AA- IS - NR Other - NR	24,486,831 1,434,204 - 201,556,618	- - - 69,858,241	4,567,091 4,567,091	24,486,831 1,434,204 4,567,091 275,981,950

	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RM	Cash and cash equivalents RM	Amount due from Manager RM	Total RM
	VIAI	LIVI	LIVI	LIVI
2023 Financial Services - AAA - AA1 Unquoted Fixed Income Securities Consumer Discretionary	-	14,933,988 172,621	- -	14,933,988 172,621
- AA1 (S)	28,292,069	-	-	28,292,069
- AA3 (S)	10,447,250	-	-	10,447,250
Consumer Staples - AA2 Energy & Utilities	10,244,160	-	-	10,244,160
- AA IS	1,028,820	-	-	1,028,820
- AA- IS	3,156,678	-	-	3,156,678
- AA1	3,121,869	-	-	3,121,869
- AA3	26,211,061	-	-	26,211,061
- AAA (S)	1,544,060	-	-	1,544,060
Financial				
- A1	15,586,362	-	-	15,586,362
- AA2	24,463,149	-	-	21,105,115
- AA3	30,576,529	-	-	30,576,529
Information Technology - AA IS Public Administration	5,199,730	-	-	5,199,730
- NR	1,062,794	-	-	1,062,794

	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RM	Cash and cash equivalents RM	Amount due from Manager RM	Total RM
2023 (continued) Transportation & Storage - AA- IS - NR Other	19,023,685 1,395,510	- -	-	19,023,685 1,395,510
- NR	181,353,726	- 15,106,609	2,253,024 2,253,024	2,253,024 198,713,359

None of these financial assets are past due or impaired.

Fund management risk

There is the risk that the management company may not adhere to the investment mandate of the respective Funds. With close monitoring by the investment committee, back office system being incorporated with limits and controls, and regular reporting to the senior management team, the management company is able to manage such risk. The Trustee have an oversight function over management of the Fund by the management company to safeguard the interests of unit holders.

Non-compliance risk

Non-compliance risk arises when the Manager and others associated with the Fund are not compliant to the rules set out in the Fund's constitution or the laws that govern the Fund or applicable internal control procedures, or acts of fraudulence or dishonesty.

Non-compliance may expose the Fund to higher risks which may result in a fall in the value of the Fund which in turn may affect its investment goals. However, the risk can be mitigated by the internal controls and compliance monitoring undertaken by the Manager.

Capital risk

The capital of the Fund is represented by equity consisting of unit holders' capital of RM222,975,283 (2023: RM147,146,127) and retained earnings of RM51,703,490 (2023: RM50,312,646). The amount of equity can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unit holders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unit holders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

Fair value estimation

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

The fair value of financial assets traded in active market (such as trading securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the financial year end date. The Fund utilises the last traded market price for financial assets where the last traded price falls within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is representative of the fair value.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques.

i. Fair value hierarchy

The following table analyses financial instruments carried at fair value by valuation method.

The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are
 observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or
 indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement.

Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgement by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy of the Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM
2024 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: Unquoted fixed income securities		201,556,618	<u>-</u>	201,556,618
2023 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: Unquoted fixed income securities		181,353,726	<u>-</u>	181,353,726

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2 which include unquoted fixed income securities. As Level 2 instruments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information. The Fund's policies on valuation of these financial assets are stated in Note F to the financial statements.

ii. The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, amount due from Manager and all liabilities are a reasonable approximation of their fair values due to their short-term nature

3. MANAGEMENT FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Manager is entitled to a management fee at a rate not exceeding 2.00% per annum of the net asset value of the Fund, calculated on daily basis.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2024, the management fee is recognised at a rate of 1.00% (2023: 1.00%) per annum on the net asset value of the Fund, calculated on daily basis.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of the management fee other than the amounts recognised above.

4. TRUSTEE FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Trustee is entitled to an annual fee at a rate not exceeding 0.20% per annum of the net asset value of the Fund, subject to a minimum fee of RM30,000 per annum.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2024, the Trustee fee is recognised at a rate of 0.08% (2023: 0.08%) subject to a minimum fee of RM30,000 per annum on the net asset value of the Fund, inclusive of local custodian fee, calculated on daily basis.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of the Trustee fee other than the amounts recognised above.

5. TAXATION

	2024	2023
	RM	RM
Tax charged for the financial year: Current taxation		

The numerical reconciliation between profit before taxation multiplied by the Malaysian statutory tax rate and tax expense of the Fund is as follows:

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Profit before taxation	8,014,953	14,663,764
Tax at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2023: 24%)	1,923,589	3,519,303
Tax effects of: Investment income not subject to tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Restriction on tax deductible expenses for Unit Trust Funds	(2,449,096) 43,622 481,885	(4,217,302) 56,448 641,551
Taxation		

6. DISTRIBUTION

Distribution to unit holders is from the following sources:

	2024	2023
	RM	RM
Prior financial years' realised income Interest income Realised loss on sales of investments Amortisation of premium Distribution equalisation	231.481 8,525,947 (42,988) - 3,050,555	9,798,551 (132,987) (321,072) 540,916
Gross realised income Less: Expenses	11,764,995 (2,090,331) 9,674,664	9,885,408 (2,407,951) 7,477,457
Gross distribution per unit (sen)	2.34	2.51
Net distribution per unit (sen)	2.34	2.51
Ex-Date	16 December 2024	15 December 2023

Gross distribution is derived using total income less total expenses. The distribution is made from current and prior financial years' realised income.

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of units in circulation.

Distribution equalisation represents the average amount of distributable income included in the creation and cancellation prices of units. It is computed as at each date of creation and cancellation of units. For the purposes of determining amount available for distribution, distribution equalisation is included in the computation of realised gain or income available for distribution.

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2024	2023
	RM	RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: Unquoted fixed income securities	201,556,618	181,353,726
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: Realised gain on disposals Change in unrealised fair value gain	693,949 686,213 1,380,162	611,486 5,711,756 6,323,242

Unquoted fixed income securities

Name of counter	Nominal value	Aggregate cost	Fair value as at 31.12.2024	Percentage of net asset value of the Fund
	RM	RM	RM	%
5.00% Affin Bank Berhad 26.7.2032 (A1) 5.20% Ambank (M) Berhad	15,000,000	15,326,712	15,575,862	5.67
12.10.2032 (AA3) 4.58% Ambank (M) Berhad	10,000,000	10,112,240	10,418,340	3.80
28.3.2033 (AA3) 4.82% APM Automotive Holdings	10,000,000	10,116,377	10,276,577	3.74
Berhad 30.4.2031 (AA2) 4.20% Bumitama Agri Ltd	5,000,000	5,068,357	5,118,347	1.86
22.7.2026 (AA2) 4.53% Danainfra Nasional	10,000,000	10,307,806	10,240,662	3.73
Berhad 1.4.2037 (NR)	1,000,000	1,011,418	1,064,658	0.39

Name of counter	Nominal value	Aggregate cost	Fair value as at 31.12.2024	value of
	RM	RM	RM	%
5.00% EXSIM Capital Resources	45 000 000	15 110 566	15 120 024	5.54
Berhad 4.6.2029 (AA3) 5.07% GENM Capital Berhad	15,000,000	15,119,566	15,128,934	5.51
5.5.2028 (AA1 (S)) 5.35% GENM Capital Berhad	5,000,000	5,039,588	5,072,338	1.85
3.5.2030 (AA1 (S)) 4.86% Genting Capital Berhad	10,000,000	10,083,548	10,269,848	3.74
8.6.2027 (AA1 (S)) 4.38% Genting RMTN Berhad	5,000,000	5,171,335	5,018,862	1.83
8.11.2034 (AA1 (S)) 3.45% Hong Leong Assurance	3,000,000	3,019,440	2,859,000	1.04
Berhad 26.12.2025 (AA1) 5.24% Lebuhraya Duke Fasa 3 Sdn Bhd	10,000,000	10,001,890	9,953,490	3.62
23.8.2027 (AA- IS) 5.44% Lebuhraya Duke Fasa 3 Sdn Bhd	10,800,000	11,110,286	11,148,263	4.06
23.8.2029 (AA- IS) 5.77% Lebuhraya Duke Fasa 3 Sdn Bhd	5,000,000	5,233,213	5,215,172	1.90
23.8.2032 (AA- IS) 5.95% Lebuhraya Duke Fasa 3 Sdn Bhd	2,500,000	2,610,593	2,675,322	0.97
23.8.2034 (AA- IS)	5,000,000	5,431,315	5,448,074	1.98

Name of counter	Nominal value	Aggregate cost	Fair value as at 31.12.2024	Percentage of net asset value of the Fund
	RM	RM	RM	%
4.90% Manjung Island Energy Berhad 25.11.2031 (AAA (S))	1,450,000	1,567,602	1,536,720	0.56
4.96% PONSB Capital Berhad	1,430,000	1,307,002	1,330,720	0.50
28.12.2028 (AA2 (S)) 3.80% Prasarana Malaysia Berhad	5,000,000	5,001,359	5,181,809	1.89
25.2.2050 (NR)	1,500,000	1,519,989	1,434,204	0.52
4.27% Public Bank Bhd 25.10.2033 (AA1)	10,000,000	10,197,103	10,197,251	3.71
3.35% RHB Bank Berhad 28.5.2030 (AA2)	5,000,000	5,015,603	5,009,903	1.82
3.13% RHB Bank Berhad 20.11.2030 (AA2) 5.99% RP Hydro (Kelantan)	4,000,000	4,014,407	3,993,407	1.46
Sdn Bhd 14.7.2039 (AA3) 6.03% RP Hydro (Kelantan)	10,000,000	10,278,986	10,802,586	3.93
Sdn Bhd 13.7.2040 (AA3) 5.09% Southern Power	15,000,000	15,421,274	16,210,124	5.90
Generation Sdn Bhd				
30.4.2029 (AA- IS) 4.74% VS Capital Management Sdn Bhd	3,000,000	3,026,356	3,155,296	1.15
21.9.2027 (AA IS CG)	15,000,000	15,374,783	15,446,495	5.62

Name of counter	Nominal value	Aggregate cost	Fair value as at 31.12.2024	Percentage of net asset value of the Fund
	RM	RM	RM	%
5.05% YTL Power International				
Berhad 3.5.2027 (AA1)	3,000,000	3,075,411	3,105,074	1.13
TOTAL UNQUOTED FIXED INCOME SECURITIES	195,250,000	199,256,557	201,556,618	73.38
ACCUMULATED UNREALISED GAIN ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		2,300,061		
TOTAL FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		201,556,618		

Unquoted fixed income securities

Name of counter	Nominal value	Aggregate cost	Fair value as at 31.12.2023	Percentage of net asset value of the Fund
	RM	RM	RM	%
5.00% Affin Bank Berhad 26.7.2032 (A1) 5.20% Ambank (M) Berhad	15,000,000	15,326,712	15,586,362	7.89
12.10.2032 (AA3) 4.58% Ambank (M) Berhad	10,000,000	10,115,397	10,470,797	5.30
28.3.2033 (AA3) 4.20% Bumitama Agri Ltd	10,000,000	10,117,951	10,264,951	5.20
22.7.2026 (AA2) 4.95% CIMB Group Holdings Berhad	10,000,000	10,379,815	10,244,160	5.19
2.12.2032 (AA2) 4.53% Danainfra Nasional Berhad	15,000,000	15,056,959	15,535,159	7.87
1.4.2037 (NR) 4.98% GENM Capital Berhad	1,000,000	1,011,294	1,062,794	0.54
31.3.2027 (AA1 (S)) 5.07% GENM Capital Berhad	5,000,000	5,291,021	5,115,926	2.59
5.5.2028 (AA1 (S)) 5.35% GENM Capital Berhad	5,000,000	5,038,893	5,099,693	2.58
3.5.2030 (AA1 (S)) 4.86% Genting Capital Berhad	10,000,000	10,082,082	10,249,382	5.19
8.6.2027 (AA1 (S)) 4.38% Genting RMTN	5,000,000	5,232,512	5,047,328	2.56
Berhad 8.11.2034 (AA1 (S)) 3.45% Hong Leong Assurance	3,000,000	3,019,440	2,779,740	1.41
Berhad 26.12.2025 (AA3)	10,000,000	10,003,781	9,840,781	4.98

Name of counter	Nominal value	Aggregate cost	Fair value as at 31.12.2023	Percentage of net asset value of the Fund
	RM	RM	RM	%
5.10% Kimanis Power Sdn Bhd				2.50
8.8.2024 (AA IS) 5.24% Lebuhraya Duke Fasa 3 Sdn Bhd	1,000,000	1,021,359	1,028,820	0.52
23.8.2027 (AA- IS) 5.44% Lebuhraya Duke Fasa 3 Sdn Bhd	10,800,000	11,147,747	11,144,591	5.64
23.8.2029 (AA- IS) 5.77% Lebuhraya Duke Fasa 3 Sdn Bhd	5,000,000	5,258,825	5,213,072	2.64
23.8.2032 (AA- IS) 4.90% Manjung Island	2,500,000	2,616,695	2,666,022	1.35
Energy Berhad 25.11.2031 (AAA (S)) 4.96% PONSB Capital Berhad	1,450,000	1,580,911	1,544,060	0.78
28.12.2028 (AA3 (S)) 5.31% PONSB Capital Berhad	5,000,000	5,002,718	5,182,268	2.62
29.6.2029 (AA3 (S)) 3.80% Prasarana Malaysia	5,000,000	5,002,182	5,264,982	2.67
Berhad 25.2.2050 (NR) 3.35% RHB Bank Berhad	1,500,000	1,520,145	1,395,510	0.71
28.5.2030 (AA2) 3.13% RHB Bank Berhad	5,000,000	5,015,603	4,974,903	2.52
20.11.2030 (AA2) 5.99% RP Hydro (Kelantan)	4,000,000	4,014,407	3,953,087	2.00
Sdn Bhd 14.7.2039 (AA3) 6.03% RP Hydro (Kelantan)	10,000,000	10,276,835	10,485,835	5.31
Sdn Bhd 13.7.2040 (AA3)	15,000,000	15,418,026	15,725,226	7.96

Name of counter	Nominal value	Aggregate cost	Fair value as at 31.12.2023	Percentage of net asset value of the Fund
	RM	RM	RM	%
5.09% Southern Power Generation Sdn Bhd 30.4.2029 (AA- IS)	3,000,000	3,025,938	3,156,678	1.60
4.74% VS Capital Management Sdn Bhd 21.9.2027 (AA IS)	5,000,000	5,066,230	5,199,730	2.63
5.05% YTL Power International Berhad 3.5.2027 (AA1)	3,000,000	3,096,400	3,121,869	1.58
TOTAL UNQUOTED FIXED INCOME SECURITIES	176,250,000	179,739,878	181,353,726	91.83
ACCUMULATED UNREALISED GAIN ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		1,613,848		
TOTAL FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		181,353,726		

The effective weighted average interest rate of unquoted fixed income securities per annum as at the date of the statement of financial position are as follows:

	2024	2023
	%	%
Unquoted fixed income securities	4.79	4.91

8. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Bank balance with a licensed bank Deposits with licensed financial institutions	44,261 69,813,980 69,858,241	172,621 14,933,988 15,106,609

The effective weighted average interest rate of short-term deposits with licensed financial institutions per annum as at the date of statement of financial position are as follows:

	2024	2023
	%	%
Deposits with licensed financial institutions	3.62	3.25

The deposits have an average maturity of 10 days (2023: 2 days).

9. UNITS IN CIRCULATION

	2024	2023
	No. of units	No. of units
At the beginning of the financial year Creation of units during the financial year:	306,734,103	483,359,828
Arising from applications	299,098,627	113,215,332
Arising from distribution	14,736,339	11,218,728
Cancellation of units during the financial year	(196,162,558)	(301,059,785)
At the end of the financial year	424,406,511	306,734,103

10. TRANSACTIONS WITH DEALERS

Details of transactions with the dealers are as follows:

Name of dealers	Value of trades	Percentage of total trades
	RM	%
2024 Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad	25,654,500	35.80
United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Berhad AmBank (M) Berhad RHB Investment Bank Berhad Hong Leong Bank Berhad CIMB Bank Berhad Maybank Islamic Berhad	15,063,400 10,185,000 5,347,000 5,315,000 5,061,000 5,029,500 71,655,400	21.02 14.21 7.47 7.42 7.06 7.02 100.00
2023 CIMB Bank Berhad Hong Leong Bank Berhad Affin Hwang Investment Bank Berhad RHB Investment Bank Berhad Maybank Islamic Berhad AmBank (M) Berhad AmInvestment Bank Berhad HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad	40,334,000 40,254,400 24,028,020 23,220,000 15,043,500 15,000,000 10,000,000 4,993,500 172,873,420	23.33 23.29 13.90 13.43 8.70 8.68 5.78 2.89

All dealers highlighted above are not related to the Manager. There are no brokerage fees charged by the dealers for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023.

11. TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

	2024	2023
	%	%
TER	1.10	1.09

TER is derived from the following calculation:

TER =
$$\frac{(A + B + C + D + E)}{F}$$
 X 100

= Management fee Α

= Trustee fee B

C = Audit fee

D = Tax agent fee

Ε = Other expenses

= Average net asset value of the Fund calculated on a daily basis

The average net asset value of the Fund for the financial year calculated on a daily basis is RM199,601,005 (2023: RM266,427,500).

12. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

	2024	2023
PTR (times)	0.18	0.32

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

(Total acquisitions for the financial year + total disposals for the financial year) \div 2 Average net asset value of the Fund for the financial year calculated on a daily basis

where.

total acquisitions for the financial year = RM45,743,900 (2023: RM67,611,500) total disposals for the financial year = RM25,911,500 (2023: RM105,261,920)

13. UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER

The related parties and their relationship with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties	Relationship
Director of Eastspring Investments Berhad Eastspring Investments Berhad	Director of the Manager The Manager
Eastspring Investments Group Private Limited	Immediate holding company of the Manager
Prudential Plc	Ultimate holding company of the Manager

Units held by Manager and parties related to the Manager:

		2024		2023
	No. of units	RM	No. of units	RM
Eastspring Investments Berhad	1,741	1,127	1,680	1,082
Director of Eastspring Investments Berhad		_	25,197	16,219_

The above units were transacted at the prevailing market price.

The units are held legally and beneficially by the Manager and are within the prescribed limit allowed by the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds. Other than the above, there were no units held by the Directors or parties related to the Manager.

In addition to the related parties disclosure mentioned in the financial statements, there were no other significant related parties transactions and balances.

14. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been approved for issue by the Manager on 24 February 2025.

CORPORATE DIRECTORY

THE MANAGER

NAME

EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS BERHAD

COMPANY NO.

200001028634 (531241-U)

REGISTERED OFFICE

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Bukit Damansara

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BUSINESS OFFICE

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Persiaran TRX Barat

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TRUSTEE

NAME

DEUTSCHE TRUSTEES MALAYSIA BERHAD

COMPANY NO.

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SALE & PURCHASE OF UNITS

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Kuala Lumpur

TELEPHONE NO.

603-2778 1000

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TELEPHONE NO. 6088-238 613

ENQUIRIES

CLIENT SERVICES 603-2778 1000